

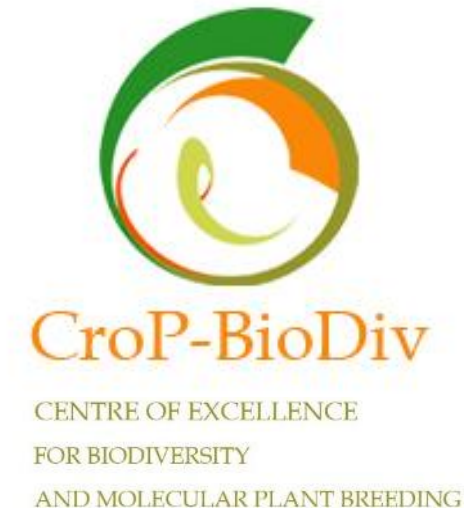
Synthesis of Grapevine Chimeras

Darko Preiner
University of Zagreb, Faculty of Agriculture
Croatia



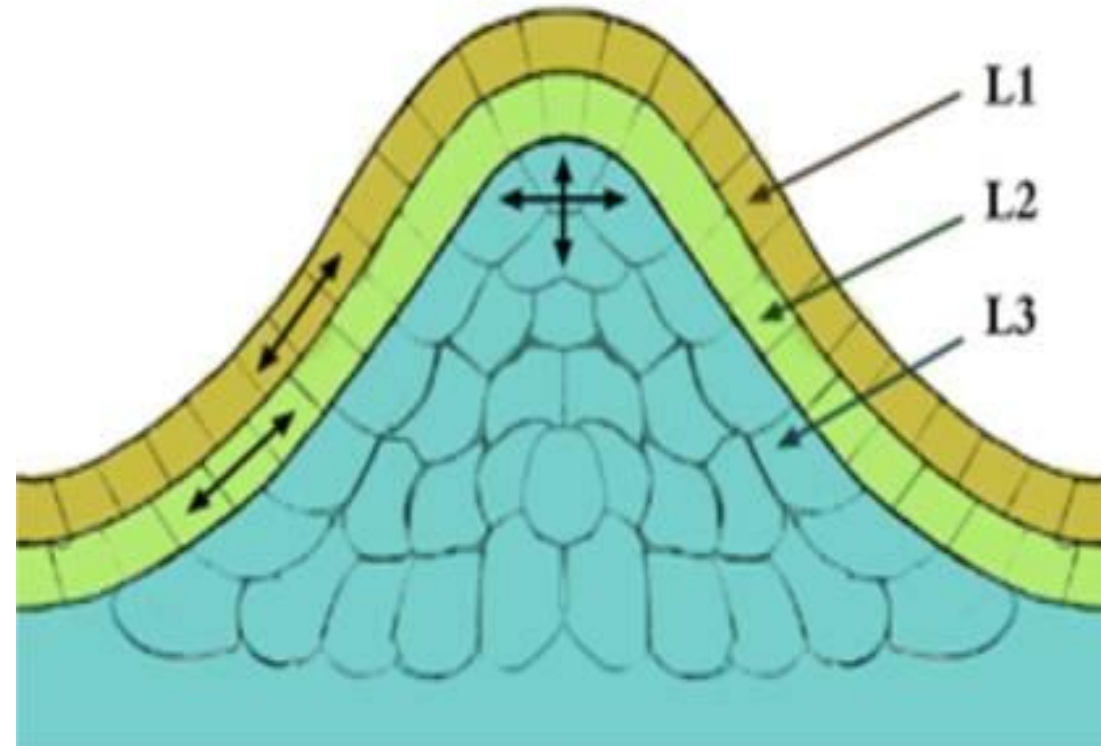
Project: Developement of Grapevine Synthetic Chimeras

- Funded by: Croatian Science foundation - Starting grant
- Supported by: University of Zagreb, Faculty of Agriculture
- Darko Preiner, Zvezdana Marković, Iva Šikuten, Anita Bošnjak Mihovilović, Jasminka Karoglan Kontić, Edi Maletić, Željko Andabaka, Domagoj Stupić, Maja Žulj Mihaljević

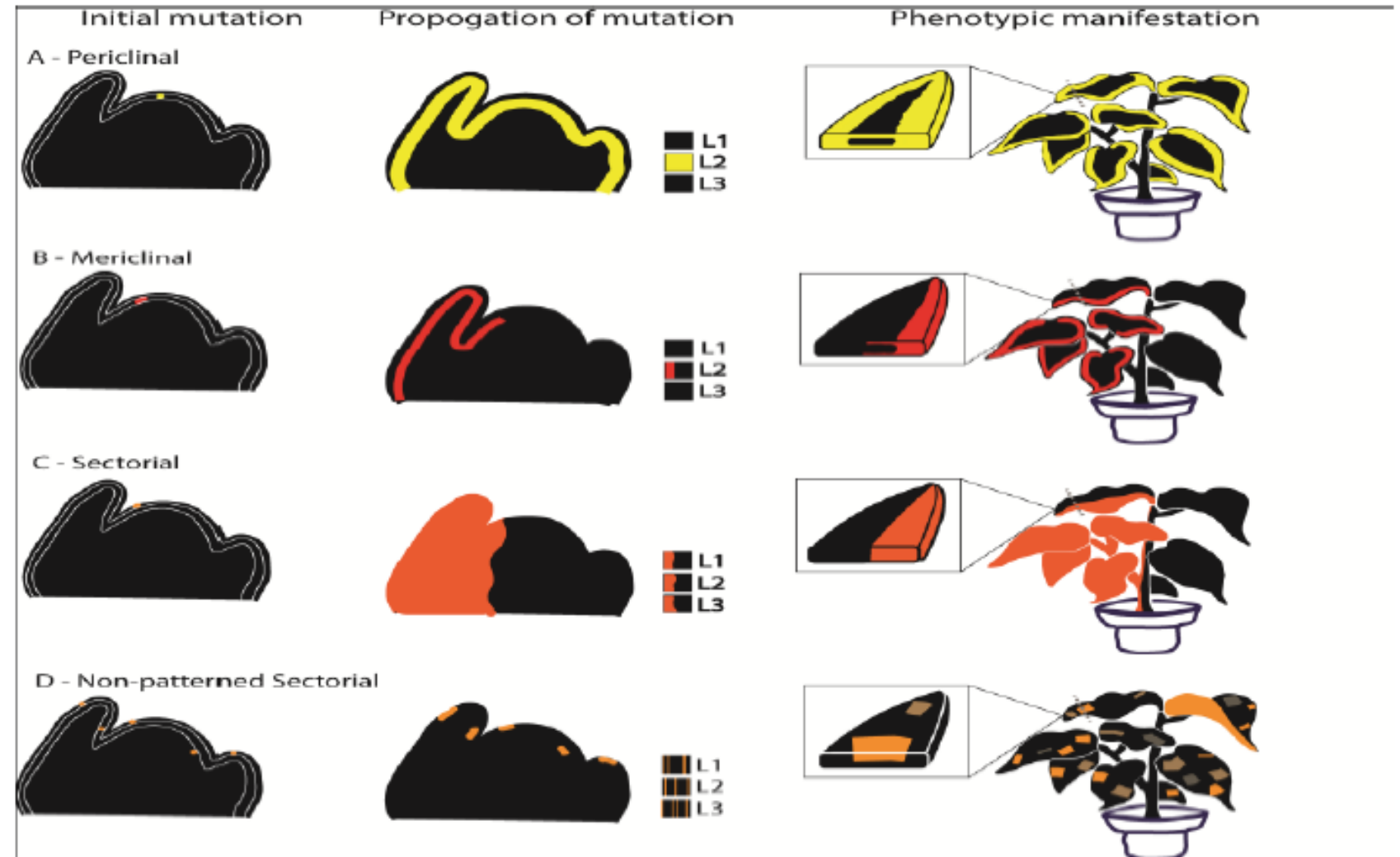


Plant chimeras

- plants which contain tissues of at least two genotypes in different cell layers
- *Tunica-corpus* model– higher plants have 2 or 3 cell layers in apical meristem
- Cells in the outermost layer(s) divide only anticlinally
- Cell layers of apical meristem preserve their integrity - future organs and tissues
- **Grapevine – (in most cases) two layers - L1 i L2**
- L1 – epidermal tissue (leaf, berry...)
- L2 - other tissues – inner part of leaf, berries, adventive roots...

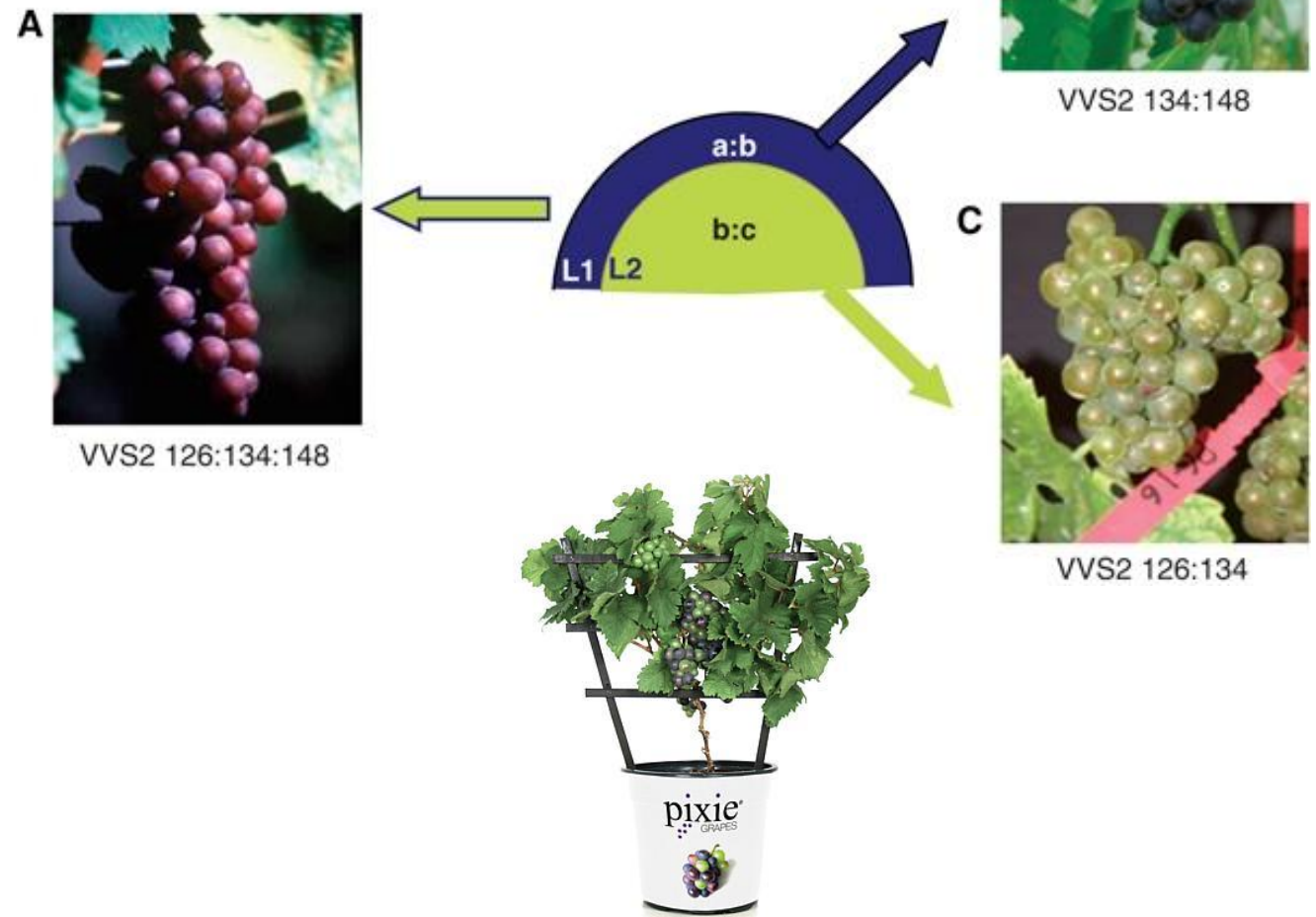


Types of chimeras



Grapevine chimeras

- Many cultivars (clones) are chimeras – mutations in one of the cell layers
- Pinot gris, Pinot meunier, some Chardonnay clones, Plavac mali sivi
- They can be separated using somatic embryogenesis
- Eg. - npr. Pixie (*dwarf vine, microvine*) L1 layer mutation from Pinot meunier



Pelsy, F. (2010). Molecular and cellular mechanisms of diversity within grapevine varieties. *Heredity*, 104(4), 331-340.

Synthetic chimeras – chimera breeding

- Developed from two different genotypes
 - Cultivars (or even species)
- Different methods used:
 - **Graft-chimeras** - Adventive shoots from mixed callus developed after grafting - *in-vivo*
 - Known samples of graft-chimeras.:
 - *Citrus medica* i *C. aurantium*; - *Bizzaria*
 - *Laburnum anagyroides* i *Cytisus purpureus*;
 - *Crataegus monogyna* i *Mespilus germanica*;
 - *Cassava* (*Manihot esculenta* + *Manihot fortalezensis*)
 - **In-vitro** - Shoots developed from callus after micrografting or contact cultivation of two genotypes



Only one research in case of grapevine

- Verdisson (1998., 1999.) – Champagne (France) – Chardonnay + Pinot noir
- *In-vitro* – mixed callus from grafted nodal and internodal segments – organogenesis – no results preserved (personal communication)

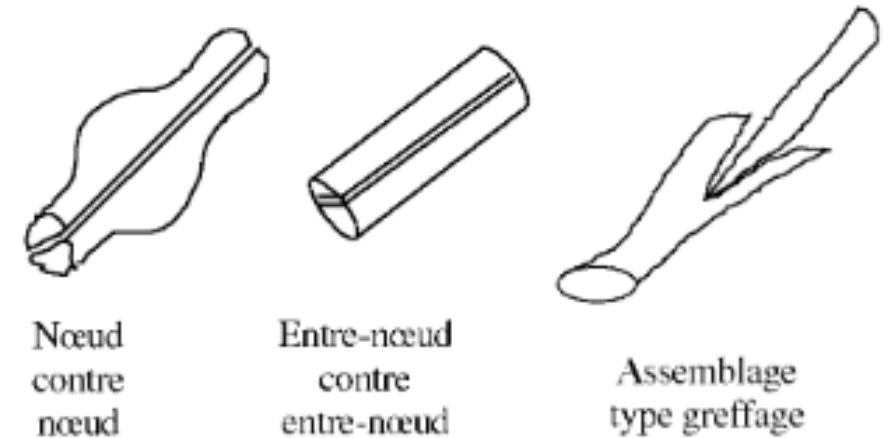


Fig.1 - Types d'assemblages réalisés entre le Chardonnay 7535 et le Pinot noir 7613

Fig.1 - Different types of assemblages performed

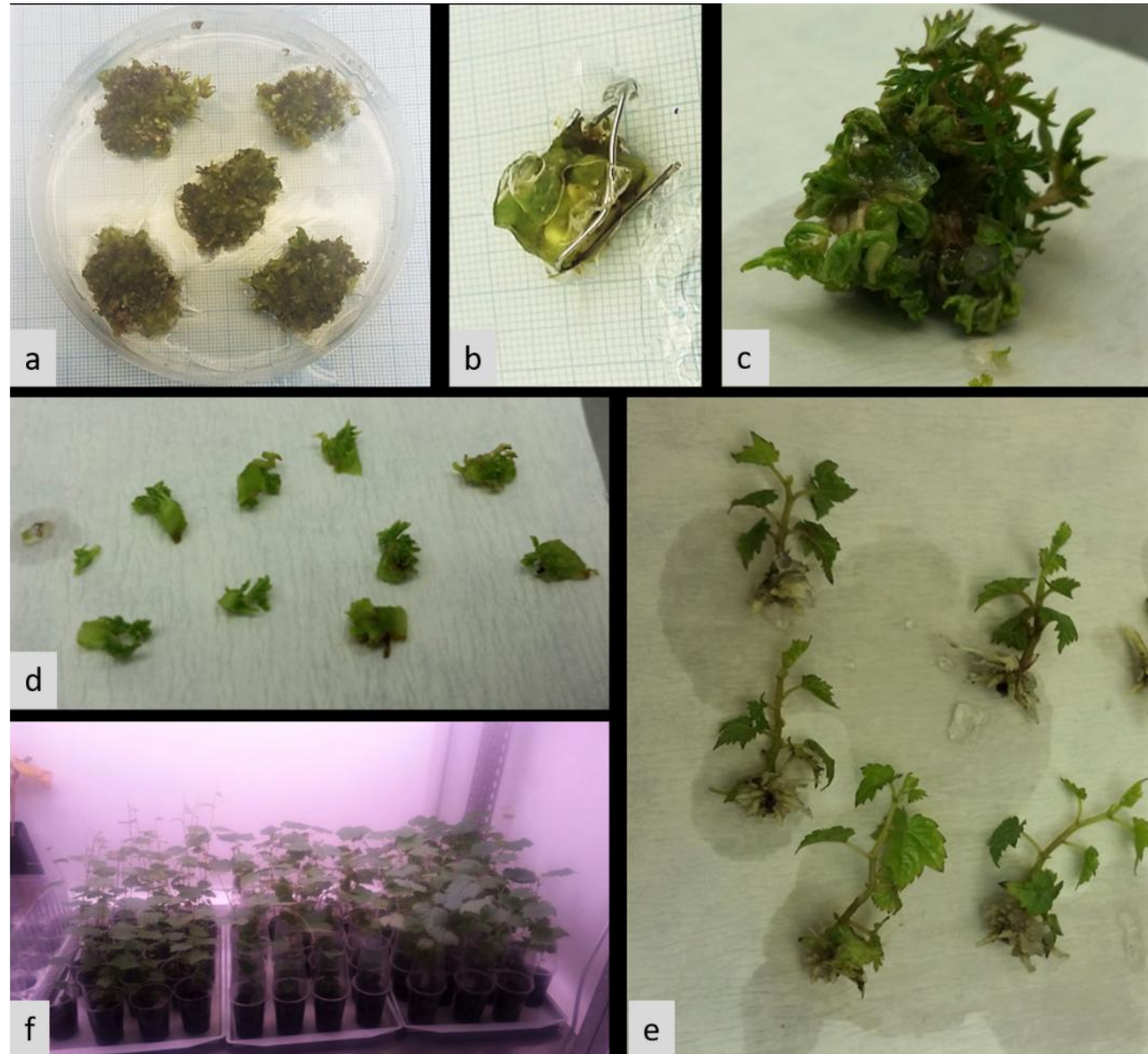
Potential for grapevine breeding

- Alternative method for grapevine breeding
- Combination of existing genotypes
- Resistant genotype as protection for non-resistant
- „hand in glove”



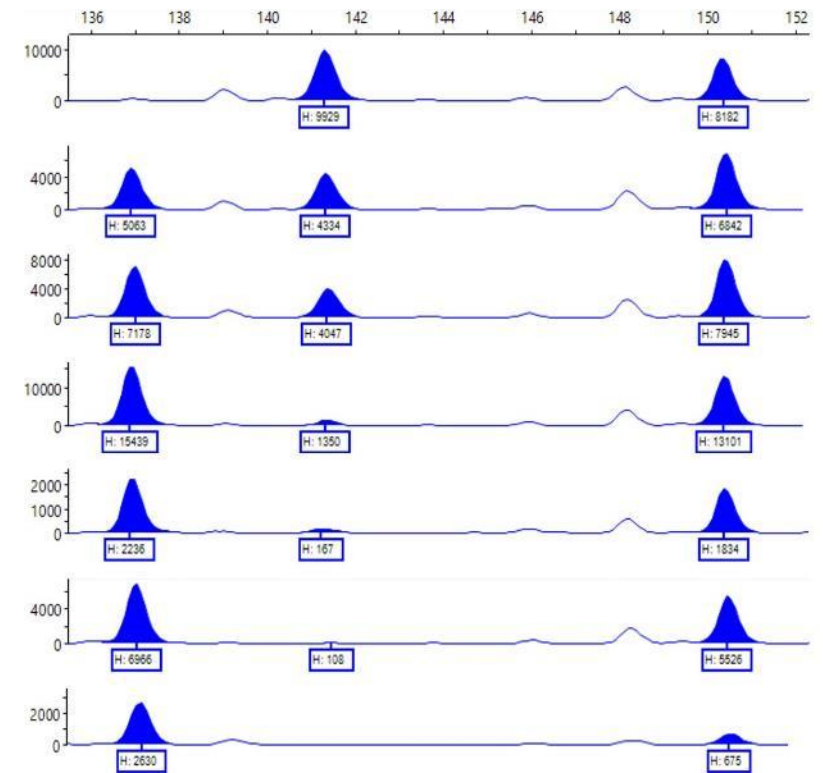
Our approach

- In – vitro Meristematic Bulk Tissue - MBT (Mezzeti i sur. 2002.) grafting
- High regeneration capacity of MBT
- (Alternative for somatic embryogenesis for genetic transformation)
- Development of mixed MBT from two genotypes
- Regeneration of plants



Detection of chimera plants

- Phenotyping
- Genotyping – SSR markers
 - Detection and quantification



Results

- Cabernet sauvignon + Babić

- 118 plants regenerated grafted MBT
- 6 plants with different types of mosaics on leaves – heterogenic phenotype
- 15 plants corresponding to Babić's phenotype
- Others Cabernet sauvignon



- Cabernet sauvignon + Chardonnay

- 142 plants regenerated
- All plants with uniform phenotype corresponding to Chardonnay



Results

- Cabernet sauvignon + Babić
 - 6 plants with heterogenic phenotype – SSR profile of both genotype detected
 - 1 additional plant with uniform phenotype displayed profile of both genotypes.
- Cabernet sauvignon + Chardonnay
 - Only one plant displayed profile of both genotypes
 - Uniform phenotype

Field evaluation in progress



MBT grafting shows promising results in development of grapevine synthetic chimeras

Conclusion

Ongoing research

- Interspecific chimeras development (*Vitis vinifera* + other *Vitis* sp.)
- Stability and organization of chimeras
- Reorganization of sectorial to periclinal chimeras

Thank you
for your
attention

