



Genetic resources and breeding: current status and shifting paradigms



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Germplasm -

• How many breeders here use Germplasm?????



- To me, it's my candy store, fills my cravings.
- How many here are curators of collections?
- <u>http://www.vivc.de</u> Incorporates information on germplasm collections from 130 institutions in 45 countries
- Germplasm is "accessible" but do we have enough?
 - Yet there are phyto-issues with accessibility
 - Loss of wild germplasm continues.
 - Provides a response to the "frozen genetics" of wine grapes, access to variability for traits of all kinds, stresses, climate change

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The Domaine de Vassal vine collection near Montpellier holds 2,300 different grape varieties.

Major collections are important, but in each case we must ask whether their long-term survival is assured. Losses of any type would be a major blow. Wolkovich et al. 2018: "Tremendous diversity among 1,100 planted varieties . . . Yet little of this diversity is exploited. Instead, many countries plant 70-90% of total hectares with the same 12 varieties – representing 1% of total diversity."



- Klein et al. 2018: Correcting identification and confirming accession identity; clarifying taxonomic relationships; leading to identification of new, unsampled populations for the germplasm system. Provides further foundation for germplasm enhancement.
- "Further work is needed to expand living collections of contemporary and emerging crops and their wild relatives, and to use genomic and phenomic approaches to characterize diversity in these taxa"





High-throughput sequencing data clarify evolutionary relationships among North American *Vitis* species and improve identification in USDA *Vitis* germplasm collections

Laura L. Klein¹, Allison J. Miller^{1,6}, Claudia Ciotir¹, Katie Hyma^{2,5}, Simon Uribe-Convers³, and Jason Londo^{4,6}

American Journal of Botany 105(2): 1–12. doi:10.1002/ajb2.1033

- "Grapevine breeding is tedious and time-consuming. Grapevines have a long juvenile phase, require much field space, expensive trellising systems, etc."
- We often see statements like these in research articles, but . . .
- ... Despite challenges, there are many success stories in the last 50 years. So let's spend some time to celebrate these successes together.*
- *Disclaimer not every success story is included; these are just a selection of highlights. Apologies to numerous success stories not included.



China



China – 2012 Table Grape Area Planted

'Jingya' – 4X, >7,000 ha Institute of Botany, CAS

'Summer Black' – 3X, ca 30,000 ha Origin: Japan

Thank you to Shaohua Li, Jiang Lu, Jianmin Tao and Yanshuai Xu for sharing information.

China





'Beihong'

'Beimei'

'Muscat Hamburg' X V. amurensis widely planted wine grapes, Institute of Botany, CAS

Thank you to Shaohua Li, Jiang Lu, Jianmin Tao and Yanshuai Xu for sharing information.

Japan -

'Shine Muscat': Registered 2006; In 2015 - 992 ha (7%); sells for 1593 yen/kg

('Kyoho' sells for 859 yen/kg)





Photo credit: NARO, Japan

Thank you to Atsushi Kono for sharing information.

Cold hardy wine grapes, Minnesota, USA



'Marquette' - 2006 Photo credit: Univ. of Minnesota





^{&#}x27;Frontenac' - 1996



'Traminette'

- Released 1996
- JS 23-416 x 'Gewürztraminer'
- Gaining widespread acceptance
- Moderately disease resistant
- Late bud break
- Exc. balance of sugar, acid, pH
- Wine can be very similar to 'Gewürztraminer'
- Estimated 200 ha (USA)
- Price per ton: \$600-1000
- Garnering many awards





California

- 'Fiesta' 1973, early ripening raisin grape, 4,965 ha
 2017 USDA ARS
- 'DOVine' 1999, first embryo rescue cultivar, driedon-vine cane cutting – major innovation, 225 ha 2017 – USDA ARS
- 'Flame Seedless' 1973, 6,226 ha 2017 USDA ARS
- 'Redglobe' 1980 release 4,105 ha 2017; >50,586 ha in China – UC Davis
- 'Sugraone' 1972 release, 2,083 ha 2017; Sun World, California (more around the world)
- 'Symphony' 1981 release (604 ha) and Rubired, 1958 release (4,690 ha) – UC Davis



Redglobe

Thank you to Peter Cousins for suggestions.

Australia – CSIRO introductions

- 'Tarrango' 1975, good acidity, a red wine for warm climates
- 'Taminga' 1982, Traminer-style dessert wine
- 'Marroo Seedless' 1988, reached 1 million boxes annually in USA in 1990s
- 'Carina' 1975, mainstay of dried currant production >30 years



Taminga



Tarrango

Thank you to Peter Clingeleffer for sharing information.

Italy:

'Rebo' ('Merlot' X 'Teroldego') Fondazione E. Mach, all'Adige

brings Merlot qualities to wines in areas less suited to Merlot





Thank you to Silvia Vezzulli and Marco Stefanini for sharing information.

Italy:

'SAUVIGNON KRETOS B.' ('Sauvignon' X 'Bianca')



'Merlot Khorus' ('Merlot' X Kozma 20-3)



Recent introductions, University of Udine and Institute of Applied Genetics

Thank you to Silvia Vezzulli and Marco Stefanini for sharing information.

Romania (192,000 ha, long history of grape cultivation)

'BĂBEASCĂ GRI'



'ŞARBA'



Research and Development Station for Viticulture and Enology Odobeşti

BG: 1975, now 307 ha Sarba: 1972, now 270 ha Victoria: 1978, now 255 ha

'VICTORIA'



Research and Development Station For Viticulture and Enology Drăgășani

Thank you to Radu Sestras, Carmen Popescu and Liviu Dejeu for sharing information.

Hungary – 'Bianca'

- KRF Research Station for Viticulture and Enology, Kölyuktetö (Eger)
- Released 1982
- >1,000 ha Hungary; >2,000 ha Russia
- Interspecific crossing ('Villard blanc' descendant)
- some progeny named in Serbia



Photo credit – Jakob Federer, CC BY-SA 3.0

Rootstocks – USA and Brazil

- VR 039-16 muscadine hybrid, 1991, released by the Univ. of California, Davis; fanleaf virus resistance
- Brazil: IAC572 and IAC766, for tropical areas, hybrids with *V. caribaea*, released in the 1960s, resists insects and diseases of the tropics. From "Instituto Agronômico de Campinas".

Thank you to Marco Dalbó and Peter Cousins for sharing information.









France

- 'Caladoc' INRA ca. 1990? 3,000 ha
- 'Marselan' INRA 1990 3,500 ha







'Caladoc'

Thank you to Laurent Audeguin for sharing information.

'Marselan'



Figure from: Ruehl, Schmid, Eibach and Toepfer. 2015. Grapevine breeding programmes in Germany. In: Grapevine Breeding Programs for the Wine Industry. A.G. Reynolds (ed.). Elsevier.

1996-2001: Classified in all German growing regions

Deep dark and full-bodied red wine with southern character



Rebsorte 'Regent'



Tiefdunkler und körperreicher Rotwein mit südländischem Charakter

The Changing World of Grape Breeding: The way it used to be. . .



The Changing World of Grape Breeding: The new look, 2018...

New	Breeder / Geneticist		
Cultivars	Pathologist		
	Enologist		
	Entomologist		
-	Viticulturist		
-	Embryo Rescue Specialist		
-	Genomicist (Plant and Pest and Pathogen)		
-	Computational Biologist		
	Economist		
-	Wine and Flavor Chemist		
-	Physiologist		
-	Physicist (light engineering and freeze damage)		
	Meteorologist (Climate Change)		

- COST action FA1003 "East-West Collaboration for Grapevine Diversity Exploration and Mobilization of Adaptive Traits for Breeding" (2010-2014). <u>http://www.diprove.unimi.it/GRAPENET/index.php</u>
- GrapeGen06 Management & Conservation of Grapevine Genetic Resources" 1.5 million Euro, 24 participants, 17 countries (2007-2010) <u>http://www1.montpellier.inra.fr/grapegen06/accueil.php</u>
- COST OC-2017-1-22194 "Data integration to maximise the power of omics for grapevine improvement" Project "Integrape" 2018-2021
- Innovine, "Combining innovation in vineyard management and genetics for a sustainable European viticulture", funded by the EU's Seventh Framework Programme. <u>http://www.innovine.eu</u>, 27 partners, 7 countries, 8.5 M Euro, 2013-2016
- "VitisGen2: Application of next generation technologies to accelerate grapevine cultivar development", USDA-NIFA Specialty Crop Research Initiative, \$US 6.5 M, 2017-2021 (9 institutions, 23 researchers) <u>http://www.vitisgen2.org</u>





Co-lead Lance Cadle-Davidson





"VitisGen2: Application of next generation

technologies to accelerate grapevine cultivar

development"

Bruce Reisch and Lance Cadle-Davidson <www.vitisgen2.org>





Cornell University



United States Department of Agriculture National Institute of Food and Agriculture







VitisGen2 – in a nutshell

We focus on applying technological innovations in phenotyping and genotyping to deliver breeding lines with durable powdery mildew resistance and high fruit quality, and to better manage existing vineyards.

- Develop a set of *transferable* markers for all mapping families.
- Process DNA and support Marker-Assisted Selection for up to 8500 samples per year
- Develop genome sequence data for every wild North American grapevine species of breeding interest.
- Testing PM resistance allele combinations
- High throughput phenotyping of (for example) PM, juice chemistry, and cluster architecture
- Extension
- Trait economics



- **Paradigm shift alert**: incorporating other areas of science physics, economics, meteorology/climate change, engineering
- Plant breeders are now inundated with information. Micriobiome.
 Phenotype. Sequence/Markers. Weather. Real time soil conditions.
 Future grape breeders must be ready to make decisions with deluge of information.
- International cooperation to take advantage of big data, interchange of ideas
- Remembering Barbara McClintock <u>https://epistemologies.files.wordpress.com/2007/10/a-feeling-for-the-organism-comp.pdf</u>
- 'Study organisms carefully, look for rules AND exceptions, make sure to get to know the organism, no two plants are alike.'

The Future . . .



You are here: Decanter - News - Wine News

Bordeaux's Vignobles Ducourt plants 'disease resistant' vineyard

Tuesday 12 August 2014 by Jane Anson

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Vignobles Ducourt, which owns 440 ha in the Bordeaux region, has planted its first 'no spray vineyard' consisting of grapes crossed with disease resistant varieties.





UC Davis Announces Pre-Release of Five New PD-Resistant Winegrape Cultivars

UC Davis has announced the pre-release of five new Pierce's disease (PD) resistant winegrape cultivars. These new winegrapes were developed by Dr. Andy Walker, whose multiyear research and breeding project has received funding for several



Welcome to PIWI International a

HERE IT'S ALL ABOUT FUNGUS-RESISTANT GRAPE VARIETIES (PIWI)!

In order to enable the further dissemination of fungus resistant grape varieties, we encourage the collection and exchange of information between research institutes, grape breeders and refiners of grapes, wine gorwers and manufacturers of fungusresitant varieties.



Executive Committee: Bruce Reisch, Lead Lance Cadle-Davidson Jason Londo Gavin Sacks Tim Martinson Julian Alston **Project Manager:** Fred Gouker **Genetics Team:**

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David Gadoury Mark Rea

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Acknowledgments



Funding: USDA-NIFA Specialty Crops Research Initiative Project Number 2017-51181-26829



E&J Gallo Winerv





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